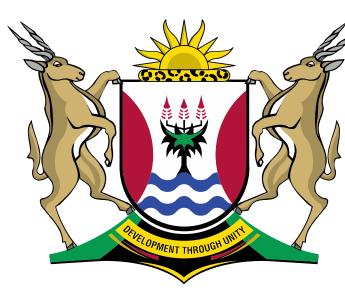
Farmers' perception on economic viability of potato production: A case study of potato producer in Winnie Madikizela Mandela Local **Municipality of the Eastern Cape**

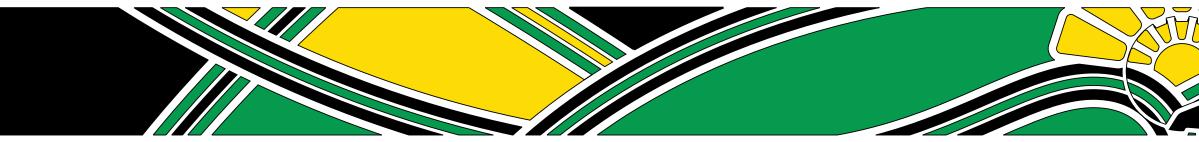
Authors: Machidi KJ, Qhekeka V & Mthombeni VT



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Department: Rural Development & Agrarian Reform **PROVINCE OF THE EASTERN CAPE**







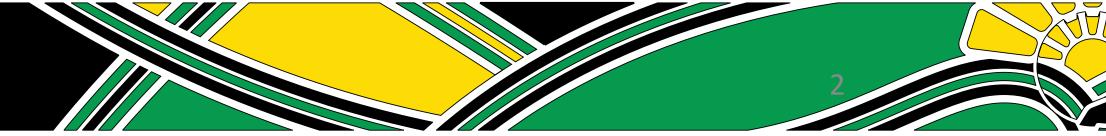
PRESENTATION OUTLINE

- 1. INTRODUCTION
- 2. STUDY AIM
- 3. STUDY AREA
- 4. METHODOLOGY
- 5. FINDINGS & RESULTS
- 6. **DISCUSSION**
- 7. RECOMMENDATION AND CONCLUSION
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1. INTRODUCTION

- and consumer (Hosseini et al. 2011).
- and sustainability of potato production.



• Potatoes (Solanum tuberosum L.) are amongst the most traded cash crops in Winnie Madikizela Mandela Local Municipality (WMMLM) cultivated under dry land after maize.

• The economic viability of potato production is significantly influenced by farmers' perceptions on production yields, farm profitability, and food security for both producer

• Within the pluralistic extension systems of WMMLM, DRDAR, ECRDA and Potato SA has played an important role in supporting potato farmers through field trials on the performance of various cultivars and market linkages, aimed at improving profitability





2. STUDY AIM

Aim:

Objectives:

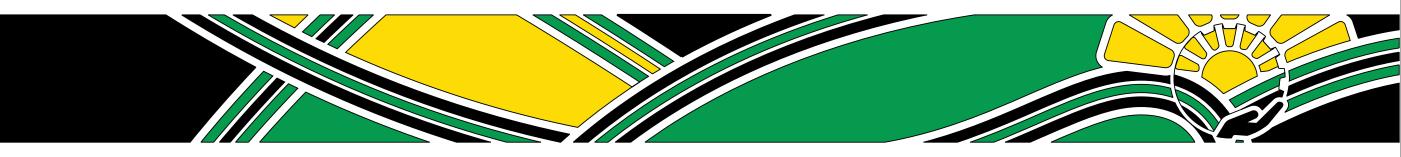
- To determine socio-economic characteristics of potato farmers in WMMLM
- To determine perceptions of farmers towards the challenges faced during production
- To assess the perceptions on economic viability of potato production

is projected to be strongly positive.



To assess farmers perception on economic viability of potato production in WMMLM.

Hypothesis: The perception of farmers towards the economic viability of potato production







3. STUDY AREA

- This case study was conducted in WMMLM under Alfred Nzo District Municipality
- The population size is approximately 350 000 people living in 62 479 households.
- It has an average rainfall of about 900 mm per annum with most of the rain received during summer.
- It is categorised by coastal weather condition featured by well drained, loamy textured soils that are rich in minerals, suitable for agricultural activities.







3. METHODOLOGY

- **Research Design:** This case study deployed quantitative research methodology and descriptive research design.
- The sample size of 72 potato producers was generated from a population of 350 Izambani Labantu Association members using an online sampling generator.
- A structured closed-ended **questionnaire** utilizing a Likert scale was used as the research instrument to collect data.





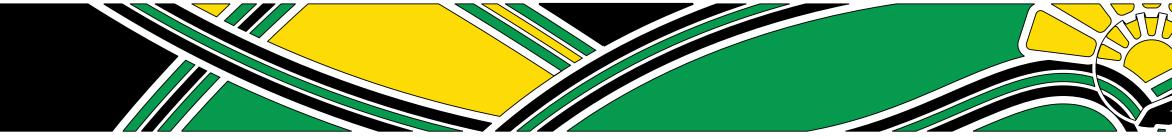


3. METHODOLOGY cont...

- For data analysis, the researchers used descriptive statistics, which was facilitated by Microsoft Excel.
- Data was collected from the $4^{th} 25^{th}$ of April 2024.
- Data presentation of the results were presented in tables of means, frequencies, and percentages.

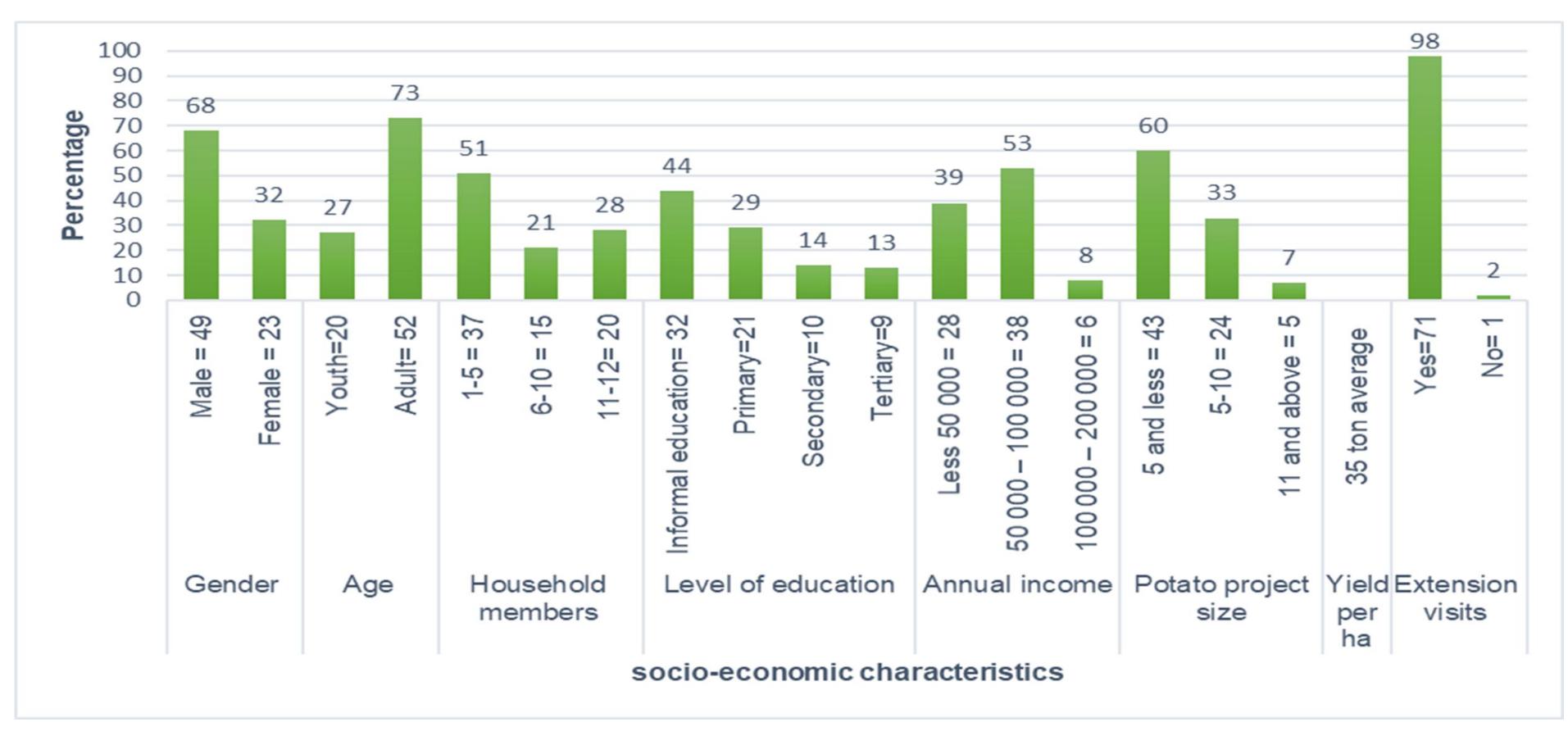






4. FINDINGS & RESULTS

Graph I: Distribution of demographics according to percentage and frequency



DRDAR-Presentation





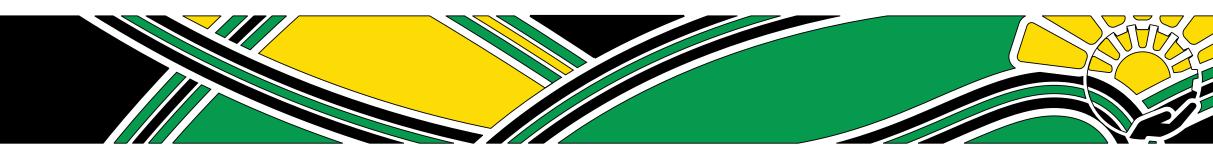


4. FINDINGS & RESULTS cont

Table 2: Distribution of potato farmers' perceptions regarding challenges related to economic viability

Challenges	Strongly Agree (Frequency)	Strongly agree (%)	Strongly disagree (Frequency)	strongly disagree (%)
Lack of production inputs	65	91	7	9
Inadequate financial support	70	97	2	3
Market access	25	35	47	65
Infrastructural facilities	10	14	62	86
Access to extension services	4	5	68	95
Packaging	37	51	35	49









4. FINDINGS & RESULTS cont

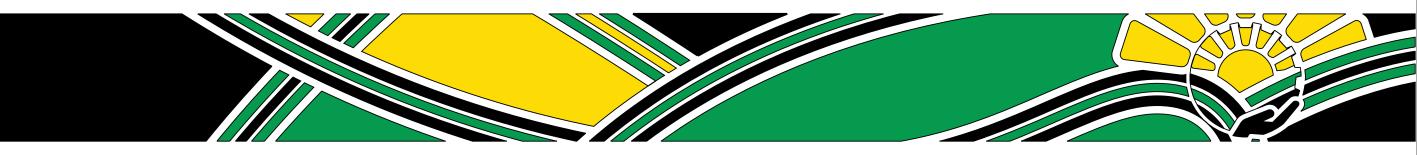
Table 3: Distribution of potatoes farme	ers perception of the eco	onomic viability
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	Strongly agree	Disagree	Neither agree or disagree	Agree	Strongly agree
Improved production yields	7 (10%)	1 (1%)	10 (14%)	25 (35%)	29 (40%)
Improved farm profitability, farm incomes	4 (6%)	3 (4%)	6 (8%)	29 (40)	30 (42%)
Improved food security for producer and consumer	5 (7%)	11 (15%)	10 (14)	24 (33)	22 (31%)

- •
- ulleteconomic impact.



The survey shows that while respondents generally view potato farming positively for improving yields and profitability, There is skepticism about its effectiveness in enhancing food security, indicating a lack of understanding of its broader







5. DISCUSSIONS

Socio-economic characteristics insights:

- participation of younger and female farmers for long-term sustainability.

Perception of challenges:

inputs, highlighting the need for improved resource access.



• Potato farmers are predominantly male, middle-aged, and have basic education levels.

• There is a need for training programs to improve skills and encourage the

• The results indicates that 97% of farmers find government financial support inadequate for potato production, while 91% face challenges in accessing production





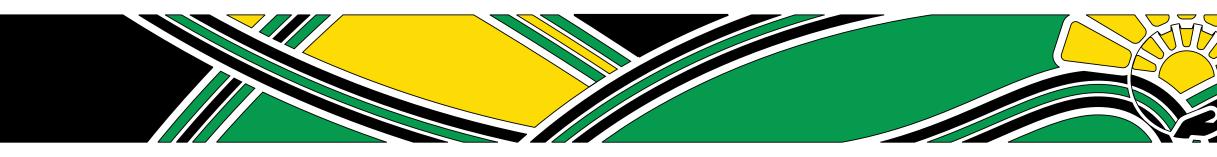
DISCUSSIONS cont....

• 35% of farmers perceive market access as less constraint, suggesting many have established routes or direct sales channels, indicating potential for further market development initiatives.

Perceptions on economic viability

- The survey shows that while respondents generally view potato farming positively for improving yields and profitability,
- There is skepticism about its effectiveness in enhancing food security, indicating a lack of understanding of its broader economic impact.







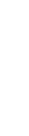










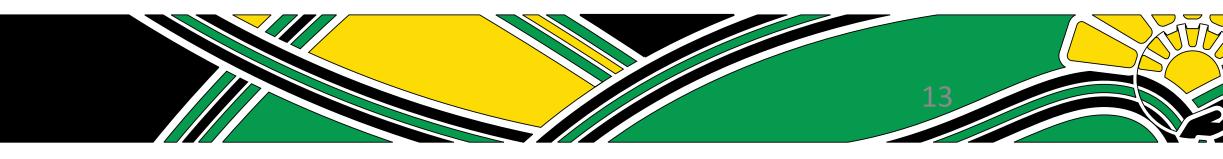




5. RECOMMENDATION AND CONCLUSION

- **Enhancing government support:** by collaborating with relevant stakeholders, introduce comprehensive potato schemes that not only provide financial assistance but also enhance and sustain the viability of this commodity.
- Improved market access: Develop marketing initiatives and infrastructure to connect farmers with broader markets and secure better prices for their produce.
- Training and Capacity Building: Implement targeted training programs to educate farmers on advanced agricultural practices, technology adoption, and sustainable farming methods.
- Potato farming in WMMLM is economically viable, but lack of financial support and inputs hinder its full potential. Collaborative efforts and targeted interventions can enhance production's economic impact.







5. REFERENCES

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